#### NEW YORK CITY.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' COURT. The Alleged Frauds Upon the Tradesmen's National Bank.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

Best C. Baker was brought before Commi Garness C. Baker was brought before Commissioner Gaborn yesterday charged with having ambessied funds, the property of the Tradasmen's National Bank of this city, of which establishment he had been paying teller. Mr. John Sedgwick and Mr. D. C. Birdsall appeared as sounsel for the defendant, and Mr. Josoph Bell for the government. Mr. Berry, President of the bank, was put en the stand as the first witness for the presecution. He rave evidence to the select that is making up a detailed statement of checks redeemed by the Tradesmen's National Bank for the First National Bank of Brooklyn, for which the Tradesmen's Bank acted as an agent, the defendant gave faits particular as to the account between the two banks. The witness further testified that Woodward, Lawrence & Co., commission merchants, or this city, had on the 10th of August, 1867, made a deposit of a check to the amount of about \$10,000, and the defendant, it was alleged, as paying teller had received that deposit, because he had entered it in the passbook of Woodward, Lawrence & Co., and the entry was in his handwriting; but there was ne eating of it, as the witness deposed, in the books of the bank. The check was received at the bank on the 10th of August. The defendant's connection with the establishment coased on the 15th of the same month, and in two days after the check was found in the drawer of the desk at which the defendant used to condect the duty assigned him. The theory of the government upon this evidence is that this \$10,000 has been can be alleged frauds upon the bank have been already published. The counsel for the defendant claim that new guestions of law, which are not covered by the statute, will arise to this case is different in point of fact from that of Arnold, the receiving teller, the particulars of whose hiesged frauds upon the bank have been already published. The counsel for the defendant claim that new guestions of law, which are not covered by the statute, will arise the same as a for the defendant claim that new guestions

## SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS.

Suit for \$100,000 Damages Against Late Assistant Secretary of War Dana. Before Judge Cardozo. Gazaway B. Lamar vs. Charles A. Dana.—This is a

suit brought by plaintiff, claiming \$100,000 damages for legal and false arrest and imprisonment. The plaintiff alleges that on or about the 27th of April, 1865, the defendant caused the plaintiff to be arrested by violence and force of arms while he was suffering from a painful disease, and was under medical treatment herefor; that defendant also caused the mercanfile books and papers forming part of and belonging to plaintiff's business as a merchant to be selsed and detained; that defendant also caused plaintiff to be transported from Savannah to Washington, D. C., and that on or about the third day of May, 1865, defendant caused plaintiff to be forcibly incarcerated in a prison called the Carroll Prison, in which fourteen other persons were also imprisoned with plaintiff. The plaintiff further charges that the room was of insufficient size for the detention of so many persons, by ventilated, "unclean, filled with noxious and pentilential odors and with loathsome vermin;" that afterward plaintiff was contined in a prison known as the "Old Capitol Prison," under like circumstances of personal suffering, discomfort and indignity, to the grievous aggravation of plaintiff's disease and to the imminent danger of his life, for the space of about three months; that he was subsequently required to give his parole to remain in the city of Savannah, and was kept there for a further period of one year, whereby he was seriously injured in health and suffered in mind and body, and sustained great losses in business, and from the loss of a portion of the books seized.

The plaintiff then recites, in his complaint, that his arrest and imprisonment were, as he is informed by circumstances; and colleves by authority or approval of the President of the United States, as a person charged with participation in the late rebellion against the United States, or as an alder or abetter thereof and guilty of disloyal practices; but was so arrested and imprisoned without being informed of the motive or pretext of his arrest and imprisonment.

The case came before Judge Cardozo te-day on a petition by the defendant sets forth in the petition that the acts complained of were done by him in his c endant caused the plaintiff to be arrested by and force of arms while he was suffering from

# SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS. A Remarkable Divorce Case—The Consequences of Hasty Littgation. Before Judge Cardoso. Samuel H. Cornell vs. Emma Cornell.—This was an

dultery of the delendant. The suit was comey, R. M. Harrington, demanded a copy of the aint, and on the 23d of September the complaint plaint, and on the 33d of Septembor the complaint served. A motion was subsequently made to strike seriain portions of the complaint on the ground of sevancy, and a decision on that motion was made on 23d of Cotober. In the meantime an order had obtained extending the defendant's time to anthree complaint until after the decision of the motion three complaint until after the decision of the motion three order last mentioned ext. 1, the defendant's autorney sent his ciert, the office of the plainth's attorney to in a further extension of five days to answer. A named J. B. Freeman, whom the cierk supposed a partner of Mr. A. Reuwee, the plainth's attorney at the time in the office, and upon the cierk making the service of the lines at thorse the company; steamer City of Washington, of the Liverpool line; steamer City of Washington, of the man named J. B. Freeman, whom the cierk supposed was a partner of Mr. A. Reuwee, the plaintiff's attorney, was at the time in the office, and upon the cierk making known the nature of his business, the obliging Mr. Freeman signed the consent extending the time. On the 19th of November the answer was served on plaintiff's attorney, and on the 21st it was returned with the information that it was not served in time and could not be received. On the 22st of November the defendant's attorney was informed by the plaintiff's attorney that a secree of divorce in favor of the plaintiff had been obtained, and upon examination of the record the defendant's attorney discovered that the plaintiff's attorney had applied to Judge Ingraham on the 16th of November for an order of reference and had obtained it. This was on the day after the content had been signed by Freeman. It was also found that on the 16th of November the plaintiff, with his attorney, had appeared before the referee; that proof was taken and the plaintiff's case closed and the referee's report obtained, and that on the 18th of November the plaintiff had the report confirmed by the Court and a decree of divorce granted. All these proceedings were had without any notice whatever to the defendant. Yesserday the case came before the Court on a motion to set aside the decree and open the default on the ground of the irregularities meationed. It appeared upon the motion that on the 25th of November, six days after the report was confirmed, the plaintiff, Mr. Cornell, married a woman named Josephine Briggs.

Mr. Revene, the plaintiff's attorney, read several affi-

siff, Mr. Cornell, married a woman named Josephine Briggs.

Mr. Recurse, the plaintiff's attorney, read several afficients and the forth a variety of facts, and, among others, that Mr. Freeman was in no way authorized to sign the consent, and was merely a cient and friend of the plaintiff's attorney; but the irregularities complained of were uncontradicted. A gentleman who appeared with plaintiff's attorney submitted to the Court that the irregularities were of the most flagrant nature, and rose to ask of the Ceurt that in the event of the lodgment being opened the plaintiff be protected so that no counter charges of adultery might be made by defendant against the plaintiff based upon his intercourse with his new wife, late Josephine Briggs, since his marriage with that lady.

Sendant against the plaintiff based upon the increase.

With his new wife, late Josephine Briggs, since his marriage with that lady.

The defendant's counsel replied that there was no need for apprehension on that point, as the answer as it already stood, and as it and been rejected by plaintiff's attorney, charged the plaintiff with adultary with Josephine Briggs prior to the commencement of the suit, and that they expected to show that plaintiff had taken Miss Briggs to Long Branch and hved with ther there.

The Court decined to consider the question of Freeman's authority to sign the consent, and stated that the Court could not, in a case where the plaintiff had availed himself of such irregularities, interfere to protect him from their consequences, and accordingly opened the case. For plaintiff, A. Runwe; for defendant, R. M. Harrington.

## COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-GENERAL TERM.

Singular Case-Liability of the Husband. Before Judges Daly, Brady and Barrett. on dal, vs. James F. Allen, Appellant.-This wa appeal berore Judges Daly, Brady and Barrett from decision of the Marine Court. It appeared that the defendant's wife called at the dry goods store of the defendant's wife called at the dry goods store of the plaintiff in Breadway and purchased a bill of goods. This was on the 24th of March, 1865, and at the time is said to have represented that her nushand had authorized ther to call on the plaintiff and get the goods in question. The amount of the bill was \$170. It is then slieged by the respondent that on that day the defendant and his wife were separated. The defendant commenced a suit to dissolve the marriage with his wife on the ground of her prior marriage. In that suit no alimony had been allowed up to the purchase of the goods. On the trial the defendant oldered to prove that his wife was the wife of another; but the testimony was not allowed. The plaintiff recovered judgment for the goods, and the defendant appealed therefrom to the general term of the Marine Court, where the judgment below was safermed, with costs, and from which the defendant new appealed to this court.

with costs, and from which the decodant new appeara-to this court.

Counsel for the appellants submitted that to sustain the judgment the plaintiffs must show that the woman to whom the goods were sold had legal authority as the wife of the defendant to make the purchase in his name. Counsel for the respondent contended that the circum-stances under which appellants were deprived of their goods, taken in consideration with the holding out to the world by the defendant of his wife as entitled to eredit, estopped him from endeavoring to shield him

orld by the defendant of his wire as entitled to, estopped him from endeavoring to shield him liability.

appellant, John B. Perry; for respondents, D.

SUPERIOR COURT-TRIAL TERM-PART I.

Forcible Ejection—Action for \$3,000.
Before Judge McCunn.
mas Brady vs. Edmund Waring.—This was an

certain premises by the defendant. It appeared that or the 23d of February last the plaintiff hired from the dethe 23d of February last the plaintif hired from the de-fendant the house 24 Brooms street for one year. The companinant states that on the 5d of June fellowing the defendant forcibly entered the premises and ejected him, whereby he sustained the amount of damages claimed. The defence set up was that the plaintiff only hired the premises from meath to month until it should be torn down. The case was not concluded at the rising of the court.

Robbery in the First Degree-Conviction

and Sentences.
Before Judge Russel.
The first case called by Assistant District Attorney Hutchings yesterday was that of Henry Strickland, who was jointly indicted with Henry Sharpe and a woman was jointy indicted with Heary Sharpe and a woman said to be his wife, charged wish having robbed John W. Simpson of a gold watch and chain on the 4th of December last at 33. Rose street. Sharpe was convicted at the last term and sentenced to the State Prison fer comber last at 33. Rose street. Sharpe was convicted at the last term and sentenced to the State Prison fer twenty years. The story of the complainant was that on the night in question he met the woman in the City Hall Park, and she stating that she was poor, he sympathies were excited, and he accompanied her to a house in Rose street and gave her a deliar. While there she snatched seventy-free cents from him and called for "Harry," who burst in the door, selzed Simpson by the throat, and was followed by another man, who aided in wresting from him his gold watch and chain and a revelver. He could fire positively identify Strickland; but the other circumstances proven clearly established the complicity of Strickland. The officer arrested Sharps and Strickland-together the next day, when the prisoners succeeded in escaping, but were rearrested a few days afterwards. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was remanded for sentence.

John Murphy was charged with burgiariously entering the room of Augustus Ricks, at No. 54 Jones street, on the 19th of November, and stealing \$100 worth of property. He pleaded guilty to an attempt at burgiary in the third degree, and was sent to the State Prison for two years and six months.

James Foster, who was jointly indicted with Frank-Farreit and George W. Gonzales, pleaded guilty to an attempt at burgiary in the third degree. The charge was that on the 10th of November the dwelling house of John S. Fester, No. 144 Madison avenue, was burgariously entered and \$200 worth of miscellaneous property stoles. Certain coins were found upon the person of the accused, which were identiced by the owner. Sentence was postponed.

Alleged Violation of the Passenger Act—

Alleged Violation of the Passenger Act— Heizure of Vessels.

The steamers Nebraska, Saxonia, City of Washington and City of Baltimore were seized yesterday at this port by deputies from Marshal Murray's office. It is charged against the owners of these vessels that they have violated the Passenger act of the United States by perviolated the Pausenger act of the United States by per-mitting their ships to carry from Europe to this country passengers in berths not constructed according to the terms of the law. This subject has been frequently al-luded to in the Hanath. The proceedings in regard to holding these steamers on the above charge have been taken at the instance of the government, who has re-repeatedly had its attention drawn to complaints that very many of the European steamers arriving at this poft have been overcrowded with passengers at all sea-sons of the year. The steamers named above have not yet been bonded, but it is probable they will be in a day or two.

THE BOARD OF EXCHE. - The Board of Excise held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon, Dr. Crane President pro tem in the chair. A calendar of fifteen cases was passed upon. One license was revoked.

MUNICIPAL REMOVALS AND APPOINTMENTS. - Yesterday as the successor of the venerable Clerk of the Common Council, Mr. David T. Valentine. The appointment was made day before yesterday by the Board of Aidermen.
On Monday Augostus Valentine was removed from the
position of City Librarian and Mr. J. Bartlett
appeaned to fil his place. The other appointments made by the Board, as reported, are as
follows:—Francis J. Tuomey, Deputy Clerk, reappointed;
Isaac Drake, First Assistant Clerk, reappointed; Archibald Fellerton, appointed third clerk in place of James
Dunphy.

Mr. John E. Greene, the new Clerk of the Board of
Councilmos, has, it is reported, made the following appointments:—William H. Moiony, Deputy Clerk; Robert Borland, First Assistant; F. A. Roscne, Second
Assistant; James Cullen, General Assistant; James McMenomy, Messenger.

Naw York Historical Society.—The angual meeting

NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY, -The angual meeting et this society was held last evening at the hall of the association, Mr. Hamilton Fish, President, in the chair. After the transaction of some routine business the election of officers for the ensuing year was entered upon and completed with the following result;—For President, Hamilton Fish; for First Vice President, Gulian C. Verplanck; for Foreign Corresponding Secretary, John R. Brodhead; for Domestic Corresponding Secretary, Andrew Warner; for Treasurer, Benjamin H. Field; for Librarian, George H. Moore. The President elect them addressed a few words of thanks for the henor conferred upon him in his re-election, after which Marshall S. Bidwell read a paper and offered some resolutions eulogistic of the late ex-thancellor, Reuben Hyde Walworth, which were adopted. A paper on the late Fitz Greene Halleck was read by the librarian. After some other minor business was transacted the meeting adjourned. of this society was held last evening at the hall of th

STREET PAVENENTS .- Mayor Hoffman bas approved the following ordinances to pave certain streets with the Micolson pavement, in accordance with petitions from property holders on those streets, viz. :—Pearl street, properly holders on those streets, viz.:—Pearl street, from Water to Hanover; Bridge street, from Broad street to the Battery; Liberty street, Rector, from Broadway to Hudson river; New street, from Wall to Beaver. The ordinances for paving the following streets with the same pavoment were not approved, there being no petitious therefor from property owners thereon or the remonstrances overcalancing the petitions:—Washington place, from Broadway to University Place; Murray street, from Broadway to University Twenty-fourth street, from Broadway to Sixth avenue; Cortinant street, Broadway and Hudson street.

The Late Second Avenue Appear.—Coroner Flynn

THE LATE SECOND AVENUE APPRAY. - Coroner Flynn yesterday proceeded to No. 910 Second avenue and took the ante-mortem statement of John Wiegand, who was the ante-mortem statement of John Wiegand, who was badly beaten in Mossback's lager beer saloon at No. \$47 Second avenue, late on the night of the 2d inst. He was assaulted, knocked down, beaten and kicked by several parties some of whom are alleged to have been Charles Cammonstick, Adam Ketzenger, Charles Haredd, Wilhelm Christman and Henry Pauli. The jury rendered a verdict against the parties named. Although Wiegand was very seriously injured he will probably recover.

INTERESTING TO LAGER BEER BRINKERS.—The thousands

who love their glass of lager beer have fresh cause of alarm—the high price of lager. All the beer manufac-turers of the city are in difficulty about the enermous high price of the raw material from which to manufac ture, and high prices and a lager beer famine are very near. Last fall the brewers were offered a supply of ma near. Last fail the brewers were offered a supply of mait for the winter's consumption at prices ranging from \$1.00 to \$1.90, but, believing that prices would rule downwards, they neglected to lay in a supply; navigation suddenly closed on the canals, and the great quantities of barley or roude to tidejwater failed to arrive; speculation stopped in and purchased all upon the market and the brewers are now compelied to pay as high se \$2.25 to \$2.40 for whole and \$3.80 for ground. As a natural result of this they have been compelled to advance the price of beer to a high figure and the consumer is the sufferer. Many brewers find it impossible to purchase mait and prepose to temporarily close their establishments. Inquiries failed to discover that buckwasat and other inferior grains are being used to any great extent as a substitute for barley.

RARIMOAD CASUALTT.—Yesterday morning, about eight o'clock, a man, whose name is unknown, a passenger

e'clock, a man, whose name is unknown, a passenger on a down train of cars of the Budson River Ratiroad Company, jumped off at the corner of Forty-second Company, jumped off at the corner of Forty-second street and Eleventh avenue, while the cars were in motion, and, falling on the track, the cars passed over his body, I teraily cutting him in pieces and causing almost instant death. The remains were gathered up and convayed to the Morga, waser Ceroner Keenan was notified to hold an inquest. From documents found the deceased is supposed to be Mr. R. H. Brothermuck, of Yonkers, N. Y., aged about thirty years: five feet eight inches high; brown hair, light brown mustache and goates; had on dark brown ceat, brown pants and vest, white socks and heavy boots.

Free During The Month of December.—Fire Marshal Baker, in his report for the month of December

shal Baker, in his report for the month of Decembe last, says:-"During the month there were eightylast, says:—"During the month there were eighty-seven fires and aiarms of fires, of which number the members of the Metropolitan Fire Department extin-guished thirteen without giving an alarm. There were ten incendiary fires during the month, viz:—One milli-nery goods, one cap manufactory, one gents' furnishing goods, one fancy goods, one gianier sters, one office, one bakery, one clothing store, one cap and trunk store and one tan bathing establishment. The balance of the fires and alarms owe their origin to various accidental causes. The sileged losses amount to \$177,215, and the insurance to \$544,900."

THE RIGHTS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS—KNIGHTS OF ST.
PATRICE.—The knights of St. Patrick are to assemble te-night at their headquarters in Broadway to take im portant action upon the rights of American citizens, with a view of forwarding a report drawn up by a com-mittee upon this subject to the President, the State De-partment, the Scante and the House of Representatives,

CHURCH OF ST. FRANCE KAVINI.—A secred concert of more than ordinary interest was given last night in the church of St. Francis Xavier, West Sixteenth street. The preceeds are to be deveted to relieving the wants of the poor of this parish. Professor Max Braun, organist of the church, and his choir did full credit to themselves. A grand recal and instrumental concert, also for the benefit of the poor, will be given in the large hall of St. Francis Xavier's College on Thursday (to-morrow) evening. There will be over saxty alagars and a full orchestra. A variety of the gems of the great composers will be rendered on the scenalion.

First Annual Ball, or the Italian Riple Associa-

First Annual Ball of the Italian Rifle Association.—On Friday evening, the 10th inst., a grand ball in aid of the Garibaldi volunteers engaged in the last struggle for the independence of Rome, will be given at the Assembly Rooma, No. 1,193 Broadway, under the direction of the Italian Rifle Association, of which Mr. G. F. Secchi de Casou is President. From the respectability of these whe are in charge of the affair there is little doubt but it will be highly successful in every respect.

FATAL ACCIDIATE IN MOTE STREET.—On Monday evening Charles Baugh, a laborer, while at work on the third story of a new building in Mott street, near Canal, fell to the pavement and sustained injuries which resulted fatally yesterday merning. Coroner Keenan being notified, will hold an inquisition to-day. FIRST ANNUAL BALL OF THE ITALIAN RIFLE AMOCIA

#### POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

TAKEN Ur INSAME.—A poor woman of about thirty years, named Isabelia Reed, with a babe of about three months in her arms, was brought by an officer of the Twenty-second precinct before Justice Connoily, at the Fourth District Police Court, yesterday afternoon, a raving maniac. Her child was temporarily placed in the care of a woman arrested for vagrancy; subsequently it was, in charge of the officer, sent to No. 1 Boad street, that the Commissioners of Charities and Correction might provide it with proper nourishment and nursing. The mother, from the time she was brought into court until she was finally disposed of by the presiding magistrate, acted in a most violent manner. When taken out of the box to which she had been, pending her examination, consigned it required three policemen to remove her, she screaming the while in wild and heart rending tones, and resisting with all her strength the efforts of the officers. Liquor, it was thought, was the cause of her madness.

The Hardes Alleged Presuper Case.—The examina-

tion of Mra Hardie, of Fourteenth street, who stands charged with perjury on the complaint of Cortlandt Palmer, Jr., of Barclay street, was resumed this moraing at the Tombs Police Court, before Justice Dowling. Throughout the chamination considerable interest was manifested as the case progressed by the friends of beth parties, who appeared is respectable numbers in court. The only witness piaced upon the stand was Robert W. Edmonds, residing at No. 134 Fast Twoifth street, and his examination was spin out to considerable length. At the conclusion of his testimony the case for the prosecution rested. His Hohor then adjourned the further hearing of the case over until next Friday, when witnesses for the defence will be placed upon the witness stand. tion of Mrs. Hardie, of Fourteenth street, who stands

CHARGE OF FALSE PRETENCES.-Yesterday afternoon Simon Peritz, a German, was brought before Justice Simon Peritz, a German, was brought before Justice Dowling, at the Tombs, by Detective Macdeugal, on the charge of obtaining \$300 worth of goods from Mr. Henry Smith, 78 Chambers street, by means of false and fraudulent representations. On the 10th of August last, as charged, Peritz called upon the complainant and said he was about to start a business in Delancey street, and wanted to buy goods to stock his stere; that he had bought a norse and wagon for the purpose of peddling; that he was to keep a man in the store all the time, and istended to do a strictly legitimate business; that he had a capital of \$1,000, and that he would pay lir. Smith his money at the expiration of thirty days if he would trust him. Mr. Smith, believing the representations to be true, sold and delivered the amount of goods named upon a credit of thirty days. Before the expiration of the thirty days it is alleged the accused sold the balance of the goods remaining in his store in Deliancey street; that the horse and wagon was disposed of by the accused for \$125, that being much less than the real value, and that he and his family sailed for a foreign country, from which he returned on Sunday last. It is charged that all or nearly all the representations made by Peritz were false and untrue, and were so made for the purpose of cheating and defrauding. On the complaints against him. Peritz is twenty-aix years of age and a merchant by occupation.

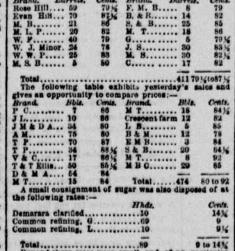
Alleged Burglary in Firms Avenur, —On the afternoon of the 27th ultimo the mannion of Mr. Josiah H. Burion, No. 434 Fifth avanue, was entered by means of Dowling, at the Tombs, by Detective Macdeugal, on the

Alleger Burglant of Firth Avenue.—On the afternoon of the 27th ultimo the mansion of Mr. Josiah H.
Burton, No. 434 Fifth avenue, was entered by means of
forcing open the front door, and an overcost, pair of
lady's India rubber boots, hat, fancy door mat, besides
various ether articles, valued in all at nearly \$50, were
stolen from the hat rack in the hall and carried away.
A few hours subsequently officer Cole, of the Fifth preolact, arrested in West Broadway a colored man named
George Thompson, who had in his possession a neat
pair of boots, &c., which were supposed to have been
stelen. Justice Dowling committed the prisoner to the
Tombs, and yesterday Mr. Barton appeared at the Central office and identified the articles taken from the
accused as a portion of those stolen from his house on
the night in question. Mr. Burton made a complaint of
burglary against Thompson, and Justice Dowling committed him for trial. Thompson is sixty-eight years of
are, a native of this city and a stoneouter by occupation. He confessed to taking the property.

## AUCTION SALES.

The New Urop of New Orleans Sugar and Molasses—Slight and Unanticipated Ad-vance—Vesterday's Prices and the Rates of Last Week.

lively in the way of groceries and unusually duil in dry goods and fancy articles. The appearance of semi-workly sales is still kept up by leading houses in dress goods, though the prevailing dulness cannot be ex-February, when country retailers begin to supply themselves in anticipation of the spring trade. The annals of the trade for the month of February will, therefore, determine with an approximation to accuracy the pros-pects of business for the spring of 1868. Of pawn-brokers' sales the number for the week, lesser and greater, has been fifteen, of which five have been somewhat extensive and general. Of Sheriff's sales the list has been unusually heavy, numbering as nearly as can be counted twenty-one. Nene of these have been of



DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NEWBURY, N. H.

[From the Evening Telegram of yesterday ] The old Gillingham Hotel in South Newbury, N. H. together with all its contents, a couple of dwellings, two barns, a blacksmith shop and and a church were entirely consumed by fire at about seven o'click this morning. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

TUMBAY, Jan. 7-3 P. M. The gold market was buoyant and excited to-day, and the volume of speculative business was unusually heavy. The extreme range was from 135% to 157%, with the closing transactions prior to the adjournment of the closing transactions prior to the adjournment of the beard at 136% against 135% at the opening. Subsequently there was no material change, and the latest quotation was 136% a 136%. There was a brisk borrowing demand for coin, but the supply was fully equal to it, and loans were made at rates varying from two to five per cant for carrier. The appropriate two to five per cent for carrying. The gross clearings amounted to \$92,182,600, the gold balances to \$1,525,511, and the currency balances to \$2,126,635. The receipts of specie and builton from California at this port during the past year amounted to \$27,982,785, and the receipts from foreign ports within the same length of time to \$3,806,339—making a total of \$31,289,124. The exports during the year aggregated \$51,801,948, or San Francisco to the Sub-Treasury here. American silver is quoted at 5% a 6% per cent below gold, and Merican deliars are rated at 103 a 103% in gold. There was no special cause assigned for the rapid advance in the premium, which was due to the same speculative the natural reaction being stimulated by the large "short" interest outstanding and the efforts of the A resolution was offered to-day at the regular board

to rescind the entire sixtieth article of the bylaws under which Messra. Lockwood & Co, were declared to have forfeited their seats; but the matter is still is aboyance. The comments of the street on the recent action of the old board with regard to Messra. Le Grand Lockwood and Van Buskirk are decidedly against it, and it carries its own condomnation with it everywhere outside of the number who voted in favor of the expulsions. sion of those gentlemen. The fact is that Mesers. Lockwood & Co. are free traders, while the regular board wood & Co. are free tracers, while the regular board is composed aimost entirely of protectionists, and the former deserve credit for the bold stand they have taken against the old fogyism of the Stock Exchange; and from their great wealth, their honorable position and the extent-of their business, they are able to set an example which will not be without ad-vantage both to the board itself and the general public. On the 11th of Nevember, 1862, Measrs. Lockwood & Co. were suspended from membership for the period of sixty days on the admission by the partners that the house had been doing business on different principles as to commissions than were fixed by the rules of the beard, and the event then, as now, illustrated the ab-surdity of the regulation and nothing more. At that time a public board was just struggling into existence, and there is reason to believe that the subsequent establishment of the open board was greatly facilitated by the practical support which the project then received from Messra Lockwood & Co. This suspension led, bowever, to the abrogation of the rule compelling members to charge not less than an eighth per cent commission for buying or seiling; and although is was once readopted it was rescinded again, and the memhere of the board are now at liberty to charge as low a rate of commission as they please. When Mr. Williston B. Lockwood, the cause of this last sensation, first became a member of the open board it was in violation of then read:-"Any member of this board uniting with any other organization where stocks, bonds, &c., auch dealings are had (or who shall through any other party buy or sell at any such organization) shall cease to be a member of this board." It was known that Mr. W. B. Leckwood was acting for the firm of Lockwood & Co.; so to meet the case the words which we have included in parentheses were rescinded. Here was another step in the right direction, and it now remains to be seen how long it will be before the remainder of the article is repealed.

and active, and among the railway shares Eric and Rock Island attracted perticular attention, the transactions in both being large and the tendency of prices upward. The speculative feeling is gaining strength with the revival of confidence in values, based in part upon the suspension of currency contraction, the passage of the Anti-Contraction bill now before the Senate being regarded as certain. The advance in gold also favors improvement, because prices had been adapted to a higher premium than has latterly been current, and a heavy fall in gold invoives loss to the importing and mercantile community. Another cause is the abundance banks made up their quarterly returns without produc ing the slightest disturbance in monetary channels.

Loans on miscellaneous stock collaterals are made freely at six and seven per cent, and the banks are discount ing for their customers at the legal rate, while first class

there was an increased demand for investment at strong, owing mainly to the size in gold and the con sequent foreign demand, the former selling at 108% and the latter at 106%. The disbursements of the Tressury, the banks and public companies in paymen of interest and dividends are rapidly swelling the vol ume of idle funds, and a large portion of these will be reinvested in governments, which at present prices are for the interest they bear, the cheapest securities is Wall street. At the close the market was strong at the subjoined quotations:-Registered, 1881, 1881, a 108 %; coupon, 1681, 108% a 108%; 5-20's, registered, 1862 105% a 105%; 5.20's, coupon, 1862, 108% a 108%; co., 1864, 105% a 106%; do., 1865, 106% a 106%; do., 1865, January and July, 194% a 104%; do., 1867, 104% a 104%; 10.40's, registered, 102 a 102%; 10.46's, coupon, 102% a 102%; June 7.30's, 104% a 104%; July 7.30's, 104% a 104%; May compounds, 1865, 117% a 117%; August do., 116% a 116%; September do., 116 a 116%; October do., 115% a 116.

Another injunction upon the directors of the Rock Island Railway Company has been issued by the Supreme Court on the companit of Mr. Rufus Hatch, by which the former are restrained from making or entering into any contract on the part of the company to extend its road from Des Moines towards Omana or any other point, or from disposing of the preceeds of the sale of the \$4,900,000 of new stock in any way, or from issuing any additional stock. The following is the text

cale of the \$4,900,000 of new stock in any way, or from issuing any additional stock. The following is the text of the injunction referred to:—

Supreme Court, City and County of New Fork.—Rufus Ratch, on behalf of himself and all other stockholders of the corporation, defendants herein, va. The Chicago, Rock island and Pacific Railroad Company, John F. Tracy, Thomas C. Durant, Charles W. Durant, David Dows, David Trawford, Jr., Thomas T. Sturges, Francis H. Tows, N. B. Cortis, Oliver Charlick, Clark Durant, Robert A. Forsyth and Ecenezer Cook.—On the compiant herein duly verified, and affidavits on the part of plaintiff, on motion of Burrili, Davison & Burrili, plaintiff, on the part of the said con the part of the said company in respect thereto, and from apprephating, using or disposing of any of the meneys or property of the said company for such purpose, or in execution of any contract, agreement or obligation to build said extended road, and from making, permitting or causing to the said company, and from increasing the amount of its capital stock aiready issued, and from paying out, parting with, or in any way disposing of or using (except to deposit and keep safely) the proceeds of the said forty-nine thousand additional shares mentoned in the complaint, or any part thereof, except to redeem the said forty-nine thousand shares, and to extinguish the same, until the further order of this court.

GEORGE G. BARNARD.

DATED NEW YORE, Jan. 6, 1868

The stock market was strong at the commencement of business this morning, and at the early session of the open board there was a moderate degree of activity. Erie sold at 73%, Rock Island at 95 and Northwestern preferred at 73%. At the first regular board the market was active and steady. Book Island was the strongest of the railway shares and advanced to 95%. Erie closed M higher than at the same time yesterday, Hudson River 2, Reading M. Michigan Southern M. Cleveland and Pittaburg M. Rock Island 2, Northwestern M. do, preferred M. Milwaukee and St. Paul preferred M. Pacific Mail 14, Atlantic Mail 14, Quickellver 14, Western Union Telegraph 14. Milwaukee and St. Paul was 14 lower. Government securities were strong and active, Coupon five-twenties of 1862 closed 1/2 higher, issue of 1864 %, Issue of 1865 %, new issue of 1866 %, new issue of 1867 %, coupon ten-forties %. Missouri sixes advanced 1%. At the open board at one o'clock the market was active and steady, prices being without material change. At the second regular board the market was active and strong, and New York Central closed 34 higher than at the first regular board, Erie X, Reading

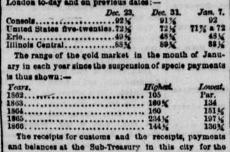
M. Michigan Southern M. Cieveland and Toledo M. Rock Island M. Northwestern M. do. preferred M. Milwaukee and St. Paul M. do. preferred M. Pacific Mail M. Cumberland Coal 1. Quicksilver was M lower. Government securities were strong and coupon five-twenties of 1802 closed M higher, issue of 1805 M. new issue of 1807 M. Tennessee sizes

issue of 1865 ½, new issue of 1867 ½. Tennessee sixes advanced 1, new issue ½, Missouri sixes ½.

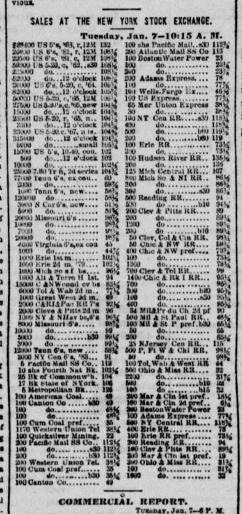
The foreign exchange market was weeker in tone than yesterday, the sudden rise in gold having stopped what little demand there was previously. In continental bills there was very little activity, these on Paris excepted, for which there was a brisk inquiry. At the close the leading drawers offered their sterling at sixty days at 110%.

ket for mining shares, and the transactions were larger than on any previous day for a long time past. At the same time yesterday, seiling at 760.; Smith and Parmetee 40c., selling at \$3 45; Quartz Hill 15c., seiling at \$1 20; Consolidated Gregory Gold 90c., selling at \$5.95; Edge-hill Mining 5c., selling at \$3.40; Corydon 10c., selling at 45c. La Crosse Gold sold at 31c., Mentana 19c., Benton

47c., Recky Mountain 25c.
Consols and American securities were quoted thus in
London to-day and on previous dates:—



was \$2,500,234, against \$2,514,442 for the week pre-



## COMMERCIAL REPORT.

TURNDAY, Jan. 7-6 P. M.
BERSWAE.—We heard of no sales. 39c, was the nominal

price for Western and Southern.

Corrox.—At the opening the market was quiet and prices were about \$40. per pound lower, middling uplands being obtainable at 16c. Subsequently, however, under a fair demand, mainly for export, and the advance in gold, the decline was recovered, the market closing at about yesterday's quotations. The sales were about 4,850 bales, of which 3,177 were taken by exporters. We quote:—

Uplay	nds. Florid	a. Mobile, A	. O. e. r.
Ordinary	14	14	1414
Good ordinary	14%	15	1557
Low middling	15%	16	1637
Middling	1637	1036	1732
Good midding15%	1632	1737	1792
CorresThe demand for	or ingot w	as better, at	d prices
were higher. There were a	ales of ab	out 550,000 il	ns, at 22c.
a 2214c. for Battimore; 2	2%c. for D	etroit and	123 c. for
Portage Lake.	Dir wow on	IN THE PARTY NAMED IN	
Corres The market for	Rio was qu	det, but ste	ady. We
heard of no sales. Other	r kinds w	ere also qu	niet. We
quote:-Itio, prime, 16%c.	a 17%c. ;	good, 15%c.	a 15%c.;
fair, 13c. a 135cc. ; ordinary	, 11560, a 1	ic.; fair to	good car-
goes, 1214c. a lac. ; Java, me	ats and bags	, 25c. a 26c	; native
Ceylon, 18c. a 20c.; Maragar	100, 10c. a 1	Ma: Lague	yra, loc.
a 17c.; St. Domingo, Lec. a	lec ; gold	met camb, c	inty paid.
Mosara, William Boott & Se	ons make t	he stock of	Rio, Jan.
uary 7, 1868, in New York, 1	34,007 bags	; Philadelph	na, 7,000;
Baltimore, 30,000; New Or	leans, 30,000	, and of ou	ser kinds
in New York, 17,180,			
Character - A district the man			

hartmore, 30,000; New York, 15,000, band of other kinds in New York, 17,189, Canbus,—Adamantine remained quiet, but steady at 22c. a 24c. for 14 oz.; specim were also quiet, but steady at 45c. at 45c., and patent 18c.

Canbus,—Adamantine remained quiet, but steady at 45c. at 45c., and patent 18c.

Canbus,—Adamantine remained quiet, but steady at 45c. at 45c., and 19c. at 19c. at 25c.

Canbus,—Adamantine remained quiet, but steady at 45c. at 45c., and 45c. at 45c. at

Common to medium extra and choice Western. 5 93 a 13 50 Round hoop this, trade brands. 10 50 a 11 50 Round hoop this, trade brands. 10 50 a 11 50 Round hoop this, trade brands. 10 50 a 11 50 Round hoop this, trade brands. 10 50 a 11 50 St. Louis low extra. 10 65 a 11 50 St. Louis choice family. 10 65 a 15 50 St. Louis choice family. 15 50 a 15 50 St. Louis choice family. 15 50 a 15 50 Common Southern. 11 60 a 13 50 Common Southern. 11 60 a 15 50 Common Southern. 11 60 Co

range.

We heard of no further sales of Manila. It was
d at ile, gold. Other kinds remained nominal.

Lay was in moderate request, and firm at the quotabeld at lie, gold. Other kinds remained sominal.

Har was in moderate request, and firm at the quotations in our last.

Hinzs.—A better demand prevailed, the sales comprising 6,000 Busses Ayres at 1816. a 185.6., gold, and 2,000 entre kios on private ferms. Busnes Ayres, 25 a 27 lbs. were sensually quoted at 1826. a 186., gold, Busnes Ayres, 25 a 28 lbs., ibc. a 185.6.; Montevidee. It a 38 lbs., 185. a 186. a 18

LATER.—Restland was unchanged, at \$1 50 for common and \$1 85 for lump.

LUMBER.—Bastern spruce was quiet at prices ranging from \$18 to \$30.

Molasses.—The market remained quight prices, however, were firm and slightly higher for New Cortago. The sales were led bills. New Origana at Ste. cond. do yaction). A sec., do. do. of 78 sec., do. of the sec. of

shock, at 135c. The condition of the market for butter and choese was without change of consequence.

RICE.—Caroline was in moderate jobbing demand, and steady at 9c. a 19cc.

Spirite was dull and nominal at 65cc., gold.

Spirite was dull and the spirite was a general thing ho ders asked previous prices, viz.:—115cc. a 113cc for fair to good retining Guba. Sales 125 hids., past at 125cc at 125cc., and 670 bores at 115cc. at 18cc. Retined was aparingly doals in and weak; hard was quoted at 18cc. at 18cc., and 18cc., and yellow 14cc. at 18cc. Stock, January 7. 18cc. 12.00 hids., 20.484 bores, and 9.085 bags.

Bagno.—We heard of no further sales of Calcutta inseed; prices were unaltered. Rough flax was higher, being generally held at \$2 db. Timothy was unchanged at \$2 db.

Salt..—We heard of no sales of importance; prices were unamended. Ashien's were selling its jobbing lots at \$2 db.

Marshall's and Worthington's \$5, ground \$2 st 10 and Turk's Island 55c.

Tonacoo.—Rentucky was in moderate demand at former prices. Seed leaf was quiet, no sales being reported. Of Yara 6t baies were sold on private terms.

Tallow was in moderate demand and a shade higher, the sales being 10.00 bloss at 10.5cc. at 3.

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## INTERNAL REVENUE MATTERS.

Collector Shook, of the Thirty-second district, whose seizure of a number of prominent imitation champagne manufactories in this city not long since created much excitement, has not given up his determination to ferret out and prosecute the residue of them, the proprietors of which make no returns of manufacture upon which an assessment can be laid for the purpose of collecting nature have been placed under sezure; but for the purpose of insuring the success of plans now on foot look-

pose of insuring the success of plans now on foot looking to a thorough enforcement of the law, it is not deemed advisable just now to make public the circumstances connected therewith.

Colonel Pinckney reports the following seizures:—
An alleged illicit still found at No. 260 Elizabeth street, supposed to be connected with the liquor store, No. 298 Blowery. A man feculd on the premises and supposed to be the owner of the still was arrosted, and takes before United States Commissioner Osborn, who committed him in default of bail to appear and answer any charge that may be alleged against him for violating the Internal Revenue law.

The rectifying place of F. Stappers, No. 238 West Twenty-seventh street, was selzed on a charge of having received for rectification raw spirits which had been illicity distilled. Sixty-one barrels of whiskey, it is alleged, were received here from a teriam distillery that is now god was at the time) under solvier, and in charge of government officers. How this removal could have been effected, except through the connivance of the keepers in charge of the distillery, is a question not easily solviable.

have been effected, except through the contivance of the keepers in charge of the distillery, he a question not easily solvable.

Inspector samuel J. Carter, of General Hillyer's (the Revenue agent's) offine, serzod ten barriss of spirits at No. 229 West street, on the ground that no evidence appeared of the payment of the tax dee. The barrols were branded "rectified." The parties who are alleged to have purchased the spirits are J. A. Webb & Co., rectifiers and coal oil refiliers, and its presence in their establishmant led to the seizure of the laster. The matter was turned over to the Metropolitan Revenue Board for investigation and objection was made by General Hillyer to the release of the premises, on the ground that the Board was precluded from such action, owing to the fact that the value of the place selzed exceeded \$3,000, the law providing that in any such case a release could only be ordered by the Department in Washington or by legal proceeding. The Board, on consultation, however, released both the rectifying place and the oil reflexy.

The reported receipts of whiskey from the West during the past week were as follows:

Barrels.

Monday, Dec. 29. 233 Friday, Jan. 3. 475
Tuesday, Dec. 30. 1,139 Saturday, Jan. 4. 241
Wednesday, Jan. 1. 216 Monday, Jan. 6. 273
Thursday, Jan. 2. 725
Total ... 245
Total ... 245
Total ... 247
Darrels, came by way of the Eric Railroad.

## JAPANESE AT THE MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Mayor Hoffman yesterday afternoon gave audience to several members of a new Japanese truppe of performers who have recently arrived in this country. On being introduced to the Mayor the party made the most profound obeisance, when Hah-Yah-Ta Kie, on behalf

profound obeisance, when Hah-Yah-Ta Kie, on behalf of himself and his companions, addressed the Mayog through an interpreter, to the following effect:—

According to the custom of his country he had great pleasure in presenting himself before the Chief Maguatrate of this great metropolis, before making his public exhibition of the skill and artistic cultivation of his company for the gratification and study of the people. His visit to this country was not prompted by sordid motives, but to afford his family and himself an opportunity of improving their minds by the observation of foreign manners and customs. He had anticipated under their liberal minded Tycoon to visit this country four years ago, but the establishment of the Pacific Mail Steamanip Company left him ne accuse for any longer deferring his intention. With these sentiments he begged his dione to accept the sword which he presented, as a "souvenir of this agreemble interview—a token of my esteem for the Chief Magustrate of New York."

The Mayor repried that he was glad to see the Japanese in New York, and wished their visit would prove pleasurable and profitable.

The ladics and chiefres then presented their gifta, consisting of fans and charms. The party afterwards visited the Governor's Room,